## School drop out rates

**Statistics** 

# 

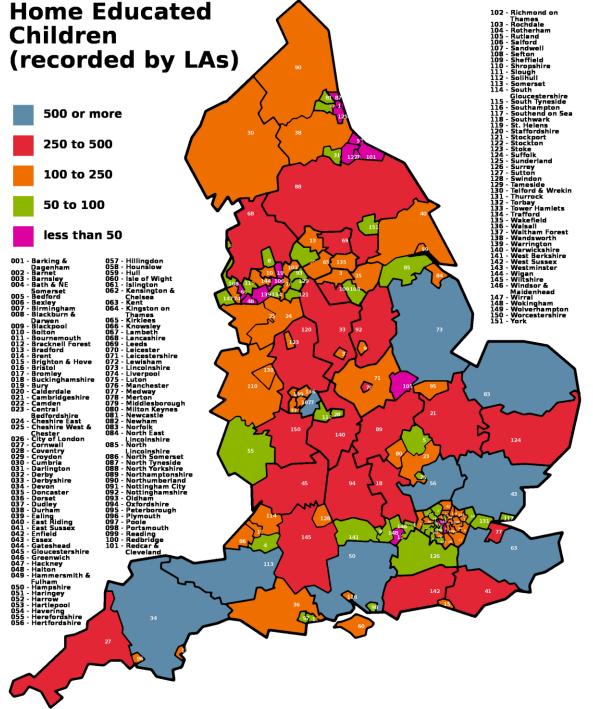
## TEENS WITH NO PROSPECTS

TOP 10		BOTTOM 10	
■ Luxembourg	1.7%	■ United States	8.8%
■ Iceland	2%	■ UNITED KINGDOM	9.6%
■ Slovenia	2.5%	■ Ireland	11%
■ Denmark	2.9%	■ Italy	11.2%
■ Norway	3%	New Zealand	12.3%
Czech Republic	3.5%	■ Spain	13.4%
■ Netherlands	3.6%	■ Brazil	14%
■ Poland	3.6%	■ Mexico	18.4%
<b>■</b> Germany	3.8%	■ Israel	24.6%
■ Slovak Republic	4.5%	■ Turkey	28.6%

The UK are ranked as low as 26 out of 32 for the number of teenagers opting to remain in education.

This could be because of the increase in University tuition fees, which discourage many potential students from higher education.

- In the UK almost one in ten school leavers were without a job or college place in 2009.
- The damning findings follow the Coalition's decision to increase university tuition fees to up to £9,000 a year discouraging many potential students from higher education.
- The proportion of this group in employment had plummeted from 65.6 per cent in 2008 to 56.9 per cent in 2009. The drop was four times greater than the overall OECD average.



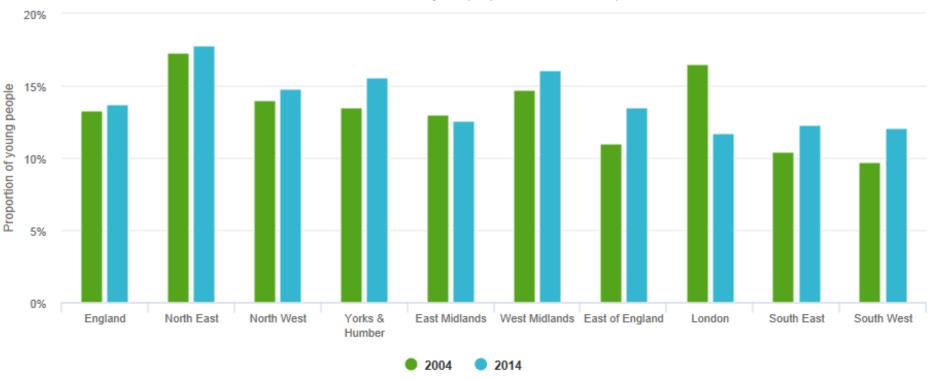
More children are becoming home educated due to travel expenses, lifestyle, special needs, bullying, religion and disagreements with local schools.

#### 027 - Cornwall

There has been an increase of 65% in children recorded as home educated in the UK over 6 years with the majority of home educated children in <a href="rural/coastal">rural/coastal</a> areas, suggesting less accessibility to schools warranting a need for home schooling.

#### Proportion of 16-24 year olds not in education, employment or training

Source: NEET statistics Quarterly Brief, Department for Education, Q1 2014

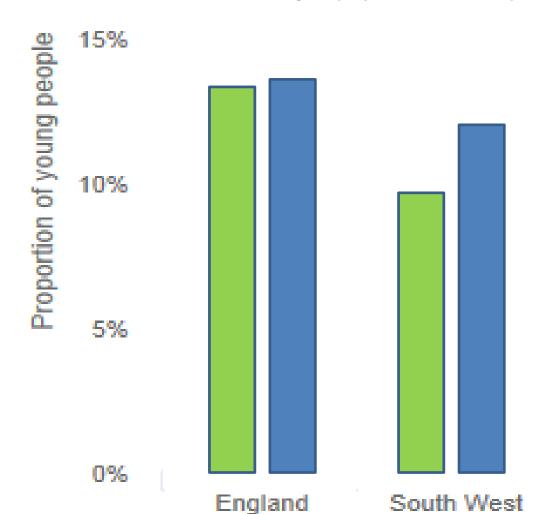


Education in other regions has increased, and unemployment in England as a whole has increased by 1%.

The number of 16-24 year olds not in education has decreased in London and the East Midlands.



## Cornwall

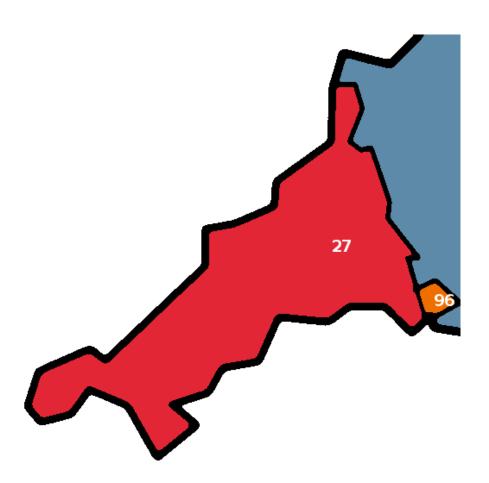


The proportion of 16-24 year olds in education, employment or training in the South West has increased by around 4%, contributing to the overall increase of 1% across England.

2004



2014



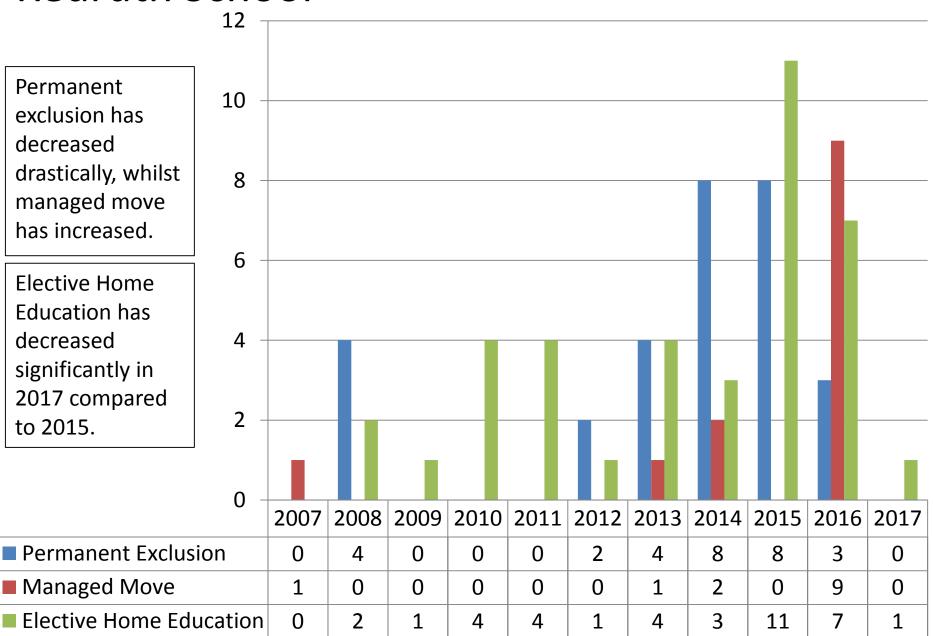
## Redruth School

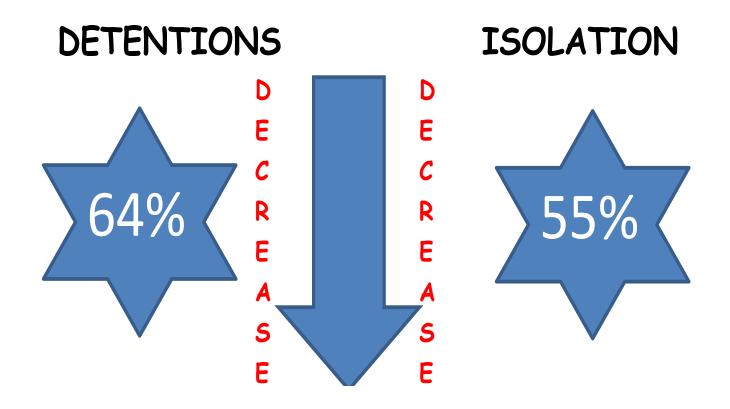
### Redruth School

Permanent exclusion has decreased drastically, whilst managed move has increased.

**Elective Home Education has** decreased significantly in 2017 compared to 2015.

Managed Move





The decrease of permanent exclusion from 8 in 2015 to 3 in 2016 could be due to the improving behaviours as shown in the decrease of both detentions and isolations.

The elective home education statistics show that the amount of students choosing to drop out of school has reduced significantly from its peak of 11 in 2015. however, levels have been higher in the past 3 years than they were before this time.

